# WEST VIRGINIA DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS ADMINISTRATIVE OPERATING PROCEDURES SECTION III, CHAPTER 11

<u>SECTION TITLE</u>: PAYROLL/PERSONNEL

CHAPTER TITLE: IMMIGRATION PROCEDURES

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I. <u>INTRODUCTION</u>

II. INFORMATION REQUIREMENTS

III. <u>DISCRIMINATION</u>

IV. EXHIBITS

# I. INTRODUCTION

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Congress passed and the President signed into law the Immigration Reform and Control Act of 1986 on November 6, 1986. Put briefly, the current law says that employers should hire only American citizens and aliens who are authorized to work in the United States. The law places certain responsibilities on all employers, including government jurisdictions, to verify the citizenship status or authorization to work of all employees hired after November 6, 1986.

Under the law, all applicants for employment must provide employers with proof of U.S. citizenship or legal immigrant status. To comply with the law, employers must state on an Immigration and Naturalization Service form (Form I-9), under penalty of perjury, that the identity and eligibility of a person being recruited, employed, or being referred for employment has been verified by examining appropriate documents. The employee must swear on the form, also under penalty of perjury, to his or her eligibility for employment. This procedure incorporates Federal, State, and DOH policy regarding the law.

The Governor has directed persons in the Division of Highways who are authorized to hire employees to generally take the following actions:

- Determine that all new hires after May 31, 1987 have completed and signed Employment Verification Forms (I-9) within three work days after employment;
- Examine documents for employee identification, record information of Form I-9 and sign the form;
- Retain the form for three years or for one year past the end of employment of the individual, whichever is longer; and
- Do no discharge present employees or refuse to hire new employees based on foreign appearance or language.

# II. <u>INFORMATION REQUIREMENTS</u>

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The U.S. Immigration and Naturalization Services Employment Eligibility Verification Form (I-9) is to be completed on all new employees and re-employees. Information requirements pertinent to the immigration law and completion of Form I-9 for Division of Highways employments are as follows:

- Prominently display the fact that the Division of Highways intends to hire only U.S. citizens and aliens who are authorized to work in the United States.
- All Forms I-9 for employees hired between November 7, 1986 and May 31, 1987 have been completed before September 1, 1987.
- Section One (Employee Information Verification) of Form I-9 for employees hired after May 31, 1987 is to be completed by the employee the first day of employment and the required documents from the appropriate lists (see the next two *bullets*, below) are to be presented to the Division of Highways representative within three days (by the third day of employment).

The Division of Highways representative must complete Section Two (Employer Review and Verification) within three business days of a hiring (third day of employment).

- The Division of Highways representative cannot specify documents to be presented, but must accept any prescribed documents or combination of documents listed on Form I-9 (see Section VI, Forms) or on the list under "IV.B.". The employer should **thoroughly** examine the document(s) provided by the person. Documents should appear to be genuine and to relate to the individual presenting them. See "IV.C." for sample document illustrations.
- Employers must establish both the identity and employment eligibility of individuals seeking employment. Part Two (Employer Review and Verification) Form I-9 is divided into three lists (Lists A, B and C). Documents on List A establish both identity and employment eligibility, Documents on List B establish only identity while documents on List C establish only employment eligibility. Therefore, completion of the employer's part of Form I-9 requires that one of the following documents or combination of documents be presented and examined by the employer:
  - o One document from List A OR
  - o One document from List B AND one document from List C.

Based on which type of document(s) is/are presented, the employer will document the information required on List A **OR** List B **AND** List C.

• If an employee cannot present appropriate document(s) within three days of employment, the employees must show the Division of Highways representative

- a **receipt** (within three days) showing that the document(s) have been applied for and must present the actual document(s) within 21 days of the hire.
- Documents must be presented within the time frame stated herein in order for the employee to continue to work.
- Any documents copied must be filed with the applicable Form I-9 and not used for any other purpose. The Form I-9 and documents must be retained for three years after the date or hiring, or one year after the date the employment is terminated, whichever is later.
- Division of Highways' representatives are responsible for re-verifying employments eligibility of employees whose employment eligibility documents carry an expiration date. If an employee's work authorization expires and you want to continue employing the individual, the employee must present a document that either shows an extension of employment eligibility or that is a new grant of work authorization and a new Form I-9 will need to be completed. If the employee cannot produce such a document, that person is no longer eligible to work. Continuing to employ that person is a violation of the law, even if the employee was previously authorized to work.
- A Social Security Number starting with a "9" is an invalid number. A Social Security Card is not valid unless signed. An official card is required. Metal replicas, copies, etc. are not suitable.
- All employees whose present names differ from birth names, because of marriage or other reasons, must print or type their birth names in the appropriate space of Section One of Form I-9. Also, employees whose names change after employment verification should report these changes to their employer. Name changes of employees which occur after initial preparation of Form I-9 should be recorded on the form by lining through the old name, printing the new name and the reason (such as marriage), and dating and initialing the changes. Employers should not attempt to delete or erase the old name in any fashion.
- If a person assists the employee in completing Form I-9, the preparer must certify
  the form by signing it and printing his or her complete name and address in the
  appropriate blocks.
- The originals of Forms I-9 and a copy of the appropriate document(s) are to be sent to Human Resources Division along with the employee orientation. The appropriate organization should also maintain a copy of each Form I-9 and the appropriate document(s).

# III. <u>DISCRIMINATION</u>

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The new immigration law also prohibits discrimination. Under this law you may not discriminate against any individual (other than an unauthorized alien) in hiring, discharging or recruiting because of that individual's nation origin or, in the case of a citizen or intending citizen, because of his or her citizenship status.

Employers can avoid discrimination be applying the verification procedures of the Act to all newly hired employees and by hiring without respect to the national origin or citizenship status of those authorized to work in the United States. Seeking identity and

employment eligibility documents only from individuals of a particular national origin or from those who appear or sound foreign violates the new immigration law and may also be a violation of Title VII or the Civil Rights Act of 1964. Employers should not discharge present employees, refuse to hire new employees, or otherwise discriminate on the basis of foreign appearance, language, or name. It is a violation of Title VII to discriminate against employees or applicants for employment on the basis of national origin.

The Division of Highways, in order to be in compliance with this law, must strictly adhere to the previously cited requirements. An Immigration Naturalization Services Officer or a Department of Labor Officer must be presented the Form I-9 for inspection upon request. The Division of Highways will be giving at least three days advance notice of an inspection. Penalties will be imposed if an investigation reveals that the Division of Highways has violated the new immigration law.

Requests for additional information or guidance should be addressed to Human Resources Division.

# IV. **EXHIBITS**

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**EXHIBIT A - POLICY POSTER** 

POLICY POSTER

# The American Policy is our Policy:

We Hire Only U.S. Citizens and Lawfully Authorized Alien Workers

> Provided by: The Immigration and Naturalization Service Washington, D.C. 20536

> > **EXHIBIT B - DOCUMENT LISTS**

### DOCUMENT LISTS

Documents That Establish Identity and Employment Eligibility

- United States Passport
- Certificate of United States Citizenship, (UNS Form N-360 or N-361)
- Certificate of Naturalization, (BNS Form N-550 or N-570)
- Unexpired foreign passport which:
- —Cumbine on usex-pired samp which reads "Processed for 1-331. Temporary Evidence of Lawful Admission tor permission residence. Value and \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ Employment authorized:" or
- proposperior attentions of Section 194 bearing the same name as the passport and contains an employment automication strong, so long as the period of encolorement has not yet expired and the proposed employment in not in conflict with any restrictions or limitations identified on the Form 1561.
- Allen Regisserion Receips Card (INS Form i-151) or Resident Alies Card (INS Form i-551), provided that is concarns a girotograph of the beauty.
- Temporary Resident Card. (INS Form 1-688)
- · Employment Authorization Card. (INS Form I-688A)

# LIST B Decoments That Establish Identity

For individuals 16 years of age or older:

- For individuals 16 years of age or other:

  State-issued driver's license or state-issued identification card constaining a photograph. If the driver's license or identification card does not contain a photograph. Montifying information smooth be inclused, mun as name, case of buth, sex, height, color of eyes, and address.

  School identification card with a photograph
- Voter's registration cara
- United States Military card or draft record
- Identification card issued by federal, state or local government agencies
- · Military dependent's identification card
- Native American tribal decentrata
- . United States Com: Guard Merchant Mariner Cord
- · Driver's ticcinc issued by a Canadian government authority

For individuals under age 16 who are unable to produce one of the documents fished above:

- School record or arport card
- · Clinic doctor or hespital record
- Daycare or sursery school record

# LIST C Documents That Establish Employment Eligibility

- Social Security worker card, other that one which has
  primed an its face "not valid for amployment purposes.
  Note: This must be a reed issue by the Social
  Security Administration: a facilitie. Itself,
  as a creat or plante reproduction, that posple our, buy, it not acceptable.
- An arginal or certified copy of a high certificate issued by a state, county, or monocipal authority hearing in offi-cial sea.
- Unexpired INS employment authorization
- · Unexpired re-entry permit (INS Form 1-327)
- Usespiced Refugee Travel Document (INS Form (-571)
- Certification of Birth issued by the Department of State, (Form FS-545)
- Certification of Birth Abroad issued by the Department of State. (Form DS-1350)
- · United States Citizen Mentification Card. (INS Form
- · Native American tribal document
- Identification Card for use of Resident Citizen in the .

  United States. (INS Form I-179)

If a minor (under sge 15) cannot produce a List A document or one of the identity documents listed in hist b, he or she is except from producing one if: (1) a parent or legal guardian completes Socion 1 and writes in the space for the winor's signature the words, "minor under age 16;" (2) the parent or legal guardian completes the "Freparent Translator Certification;" and (3) the employer writes in Section 2 the words, "minor under age 16" unter List B in the space after the words "Document Joenthification 5." If this procedure is followed, the minor must still produce a List C document showing employment eligibility.

United States Passport

Issued by the Department of State to United States different and Amiconia.





### Certificate of United States Citizenship N-560

hased by INS as individuals who derived diversible though sustantial naturalizations accurred citizenship a birth ususal though a Lineau Stater turner or parents acquired visuosithing manage application by United Source citizen adverse; principle, and with, parasitars in orders 34th other desired for a certificens of six reminip.



### Certificate of Naturalization N-550 or N-570 Issued by 385 to enterdized Coded States States.



**EXHIBIT C - DOCUMENT ILLUSTRATIONS** 

### I-94 Arrival-Departure Record

Arrayst department record issued by INS on nonimmigrant afters and unached to an unexputed foreign passoon. An actividad its presentation of thes document may only be employed if the document tests an employment outstraider states. The expiration date is noted in the fore of the document.





Alien Registration Recript Card 1-151

(wood by INS, poor to June 1978, to as ful personned exploint (lawful inter-grows at ent. There are numerous sentions of this card because it was periodically revised. Although init card it no longer assess, it is valid indictions. This card it also commonly returned as as a "good card."





Atlen Registration Receipt Card (Resident Allen Card) 1-557

based by DKS to tawful permanana residence awful menigrants sliene. Valid indefinitely, this card is commonly reference to use a "green gard" and a a revisad edition of Form 1-151.

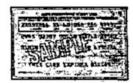




Allen Registration Receipt Card (Conditional Resident Alien Card) 1-551

Level by 1/15 to conditional permanent residents such to alien requires of United States of tracked permanent residents. Although it is the

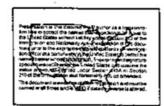




### Temporary Resident Card 1-688

Instead by INS to alone granted temporary resident major under the legislation or SAW programs.

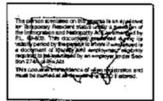




### Employment Authorization Card 1-688A

issued by INS to applicants for temporary resident states after their finencies for legalitation or SAW some. It is wish for a period of me months from numbers and has the expiration dure stated on the face of the expir





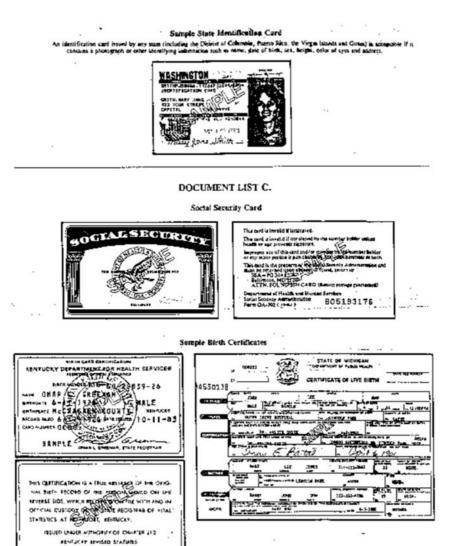
### DOCUMENT LIST B.

### Sample Driver's Licease

A deser's former issued by very state (including the District of Columbia, Planto Rico, the Virgin Islands and Guard) or by a Canadam government authority is acceptable of a containe a photograph or other indentifying information such as same, due of birth, wer, height, coice of eyes and address.







**EXHIBIT C - DOCUMENT ILLUSTRATIONS** 

# UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE Immigration and Noturalization Service PERMIT TO RESHTER THE UNITED STATES DIVINITED STATES UNITED STATES UNITED STATES DIVINITED S

**EXHIBIT C - DOCUMENT ILLUSTRATIONS** 

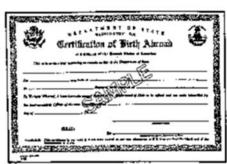
### Certification of Birth issued by the Department of State FS-545

stund by U.S embassion and persuitates everyone in

# Certification of Blirth issued by the Department of State DS-1350

Issued by the U.S. Department of State to United States contains born attended.





## United States Citizen Identification Card 1-197

tensed by INS to United States cruzens. INS no longer livines this card.





### Identification Card for use of Resident Citizen in the United States I-179

Carried by INS to United States entizens who are residence of the United States. INS no longer usues this cord.

